

ASTHMA CURE FREE.

Asthmalene Brings Instant Relief and Permanent Cure in All Cases.

SENT ABSOLUTELY FREE ON RECEIPT OF POSTAL.
Write Your Name and Address Plainly.



There is nothing like Asthmalene. It brings instant relief, even in the worst cases. It cures when all else fails.

The Rev. C. F. WELLS, of Villa Ridge, Ill., says: "Your trial bottle of Asthmalene received in good condition. I cannot tell you how thankful I feel for the good derived from it. I was a slave, chained with putrid sore throat and Asthma for ten years. I despaired of ever being cured. I saw your advertisement for the cure of this dreadful and tormenting disease, Asthma, and thought you had overspoken yourselves, but resolved to give it a trial. To my astonishment, the trial acted like a charm. Send me a full size bottle."

Rev. Dr. Morris Wechsler.

Habbi of the Cong. Bnai Israel.

New York, Jan. 3, 1901.

DR. TAFT BROS. MEDICINE CO.,
Gentlemen: Your Asthmalene is an excellent remedy for Asthma and Hay Fever, and its composition alleviates all troubles which combine with Asthma. Its success is astonishing and wonderful.

After having it carefully analyzed, we can state that Asthmalene contains no opium, morphine, chloroform or ether.

Very truly yours,
REV. DR. MORRIS WECHSLER.

AYON SPRINGS, N. Y., Feb. 1, 1901.

DR. TAFT BROS. MEDICINE CO.

Gentlemen: I write this testimonial from a sense of duty, having tested the wonderful effect of your Asthmalene for the cure of Asthma. My wife has been afflicted with spasmodic asthma for the past 12 years. Having exhausted my own skill as well as many other, I determined to see your sign upon your windows on 130th street, New York. I at once obtained a bottle of Asthmalene. My wife commenced taking it about the first of November. I very soon noticed a radical improvement. After using one bottle her asthma has disappeared and she is entirely free from all symptoms. I feel that I can consistently recommend the medicine to all who are afflicted with this distressing disease.

Yours respectfully,

O. D. PHELPS, M. D.

DR. TAFT BROS. MEDICINE CO.

Feb. 5, 1901.

Gentlemen: I was troubled with Asthma for 22 years. I have tried numerous remedies, but they have all failed. I ran across your advertisement and started with a trial bottle. I found relief at once. I have since purchased your full-size bottle, and I am ever grateful. I have family of four children, and for six years was unable to work. I am now in the best of health and am doing business every day. This testimony you can make such use of as you see fit.

Home address, 235 Livingston street.

S. KAPHAEL,
67 East 120th st., New York City.

Trial Bottle Sent Absolutely Free on Receipt of Postal.

Do not delay. Write at once, addressing DR. TAFT BROS. MEDICINE CO. 79 East 130th St., N. Y. City.

Sold by All Druggists.

SURE DIVIDENDS IN**THE COPPER ROCK GOLD MINING & MILLING CO.**

Now selling at 20 cents per share par value \$1.00 and NON-ASSESSABLE. The price will shortly be advanced to 30 CENTS per share. The property is located 22 miles Northwest of Denver on the COLORADO & PACIFIC WESTERN R. R., comprising sixty (60) acres in an established and paying mineral belt. RAILROAD at the property (giving cheapest and best transportation). Have AUTOMOBILES for all mining and milling purposes. TIMBER ENOUGH for the mine for many years to come.

Shaft is now 250 feet deep and is being sunk to 500 feet level as fast as possible and has been in Ore nearly the entire distance. The Drifts already run have opened up good bodies of both Shilling and Smeeting Ore, running in values from \$4.25 to \$15.25 per ton in Gold, Silver and Copper.

Several of the stockholders, who were induced to buy stock by the Officers of the Company, recently visited the property and have given a strong endorsement same and all representations as made to them concerning the Enterprise.

Send in your order now before stock advances, as right to raise prices without notice is reserved.

GEO. F. HATHEWAY,

WRITE FOR BOOKLET.

153 Milk Street, Boston

BASKET BALLS, INDIAN CLUBS, DUMB BELLS, ATHLETIC GOODS.

A.P. WENDELL & CO. 2 MARKET SQUARE.

ONLY FIRST-CLASS UPHOLSTERY AND MATTRESS WORK

BY F. A. ROBBINS, 49 ISLINGTON STREET.

Send me a postal and I will call and make estimates. References: John P. Hart, Rockingham Bank, and F. W. Hartford, 50 Highland St.

HERALD ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS

Try One And Be Convinced.

IT WAS A FAKE.

Germany Still Holds Diplomatic Relations With Venezuela.

The Despatches To The Contrary Denied In Berlin.

Still Hopes To Settle Her Claim Without War.

Berlin, Dec. 30.—The German foreign office authorizes the Associated Press to announce that there is no truth whatever in the despatches from Caracas that the German minister has left the capital after a heated argument with the president. The German charge-de-affairs is still at his post and there is no record of any break in the diplomatic relations. The German minister is on his way back to Caracas after a vacation. Germany still hopes to collect the claim peacefully. The foreign office has received an answer from Secretary Hay expressing full satisfaction of Germany's disposition.

FOR BIGAMY.

Mrs. Margaret Tucker of Panacook Arrested at Everett, Mass.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 30.—Mrs. Margaret Tucker, wife of George H. Tucker of Panacook, N. H., was arrested at Everett today for the police of Concord, N. H., for bigamy. She is said to have married Moses Merrill several years ago, and then to have gone to Panacook, N. H., and was engaged as housekeeper by Tucker. Last March they were married, and shortly after, it is said, Tucker learned for the first time that she had been previously married and had never been divorced.

WILL BE BURIED TODAY.

The Body of United States Senator Sewall of New Jersey Will Be Laid At Rest With Full Military Honors.

Camden, N. J., Dec. 30.—The last respects to United States Senator William J. Sewall will be paid tomorrow when Camden's distinguished citizen will be laid at rest with full military honors. The honorary pall bearers include Governor Voorhees, Governor-Elect Murphy, Secretary of War Root, Adjutant General Corbin, former United States Attorney General Briggs and President Passatt of the Pennsylvania railroad.

THE CROPSY CASE.

Excitement Is Dying Out and People Are Resuming Business.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Dec. 30.—Excitement over the Cropsey case is dying out and business is being resumed. The talk of lynching James Wilcox is heard no longer, the people being inclined to permit the law to take its course. Evidence against Wilcox is being collected to present to the grand jury next March.

JEFFRIES AND SHARKEY MATCHED.

Will Fight in San Francisco in March Or April.

New York, Dec. 30.—Jeffries and Sharkey have been matched to fight any time between March 17 and April 30, 1902. It will be a twenty round match, Marquis of Queensbury rules to govern. The fight is to take place at San Francisco before the Yosemite Athletic club.

IN THE INTEREST OF PROHIBITION.

Manchester, Dec. 30.—In the superior court here today the hearing was opened in the matter of charges of Ex-Gov. Goodell against the Manchester police commission, that the board had permitted the breaching of the prohibitory laws. The county solicitor had witnesses in the shape of liquor dealers and policemen who testified to paying fines regularly.

NAVAL AWARDS OF HONOR.

Tribute to the Heroism of Lieut. Roper, Who Lost His Life.

Washington, Dec. 30.—The naval board on awards in its report to Secretary Long says that the work upon the medals is going forward as rapidly as possible at the Philadelphia Mint. The board adopts the report of its sub-committee to the effect that the conduct of the officers and men of the U. S. S. Yosemite in driving the Spanish steamboat Antonio Lopez upon the reefs and in driving Spanish gunboats back under the batteries, though creditable, is not worthy of being commemorated by a battle medal.

The report of the board speaks in the highest terms of the self-sacrificing heroism of certain officers and men of the Petrel, on the occasion of the fire in the sail boom of that vessel, mentioning Lieut. Commander Jesse M. Roper, who lost his life in an attempt to rescue Seaman Patrick Toner, Lieut. J. S. McKean, Private L. F. Thies, U. S. M. C., and Seaman T. Cahy. Naval Cadet J. E. Lewis and A. Girandy, seamen, the board suggests, deserve medals and gratuities for their acts of self-devotion. E. Kessler, landsman, and C. Plachy, gunner's mate, are said to deserve conspicuous mention, as also W. White, coxswain; J. T. Evans, boat swain's mate; J. I. Carlson, bugler; L. T. Sullivan, private U. S. M. C., and N. E. Burton, first sergeant, U. S. M. C.

The following the board reports are entitled to commendation: Ensign F. R. Holman, Surgeon R. W. Plummer, Assistant Paymaster, D. M. Addison and Major Wise, U. S. V.

The board recommends that Corporal E. N. Appleton and Privates Burns and Hirsch, U. S. M. C., and Gunner's Mate McAllister, of the Monocacy, receive medals of honor and gratuities for crossing the river at Tientsin, on June 20, 1900, under a heavy fire and destroying buildings occupied by the enemy. The report concludes by saying there are one or two cases still pending, being recommendations for specially meritorious service in China.

SHEEP ON A TREADMILL.

Farmer Teaches His Flock to Work a Cream Separator.

Franklin, Dec. 30.—Benjamin B. Davidson believes in giving his five stock plenty of exercise during the winter months and he has recently devised a scheme which not only keeps his sheep in good health, but gives them a chance to earn their "keep." Mr. Davidson has trained his woolly animals to furnish power to run a cream separator and has no difficulty in generating enough power to save his hired help a lot of work. A small-sized treadmill, especially adapted to small animals, was purchased and set up in the creamery. For several weeks Mr. Davidson was kept busy training the younger members in his flock of sheep to keep moving while in the endless hill. After a time the sheep took kindly to the task and went along at a respectable pace. When one sheep gets weary another is put into the treadmill and the separator keeps going.

PRESENTED A MEDAL.

Rear Admiral Schley the Recipient of A Handsome Token.

Washington, Dec. 30.—Maryland Councils of Junior Order of United American Mechanics, tonight presented to Rear Admiral Schley a magnificent medal studded with diamonds as an evidence of their personal esteem and admiration for his services to the country.

POSTPONED ACTION.

Dover, Dec. 30.—At a meeting of the weavers of the Cochecho mills, tonight, they decided to postpone action until tomorrow night. The balance of the help will return to work tomorrow as usual.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Washington, Dec. 30.—Forecast for New England: Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, variable winds.

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tone and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning

MISS WILKINS TO WED JAN. 1.

Tells That She Will Become Mrs. Freeman on New Year's Day.

Randolph, Mass., Dec. 30.—Miss Mary E. Wilkins, the writer, who was reported to have secretly wedded Dr. Charles Freeman of Metuchen, N. J., several weeks ago, has fixed upon New Year's day as the time when she is willing to forsake single life. Miss Wilkins has been notifying her friends of her decision and tells them that the wedding will be very private. It will take place at the home of the friends here with whom she has resided for many years, and only one or two of her nearest acquaintances will be present. Dr. Freeman will bring several of his own friends from New Jersey, but outside of these no one will witness the ceremony.

Miss Wilkins takes this step because of her annoyance at the publicity given to the rumor that she had been wedded in secret. She is telling her friends just how this rumor arose. Some difficulty was experienced by Dr. Freeman in finding a suitable house in Metuchen for his bride, but when he obtained one Miss Wilkins sent a lot of furniture, books and little articles she valued for their associations to the new residence. Then she went to Metuchen to see that they were properly taken care of and was seen about the house by some of the neighbors. To this she attributes the report of her marriage.

Some of Miss Wilkins' friends here say that on her return from Metuchen she was so annoyed over the false reports of her wedding that she spent some time in a telephone booth notifying them that it was untrue. Miss Wilkins' Randolph acquaintances intend to give her their greetings when she departs from the house as Dr. Freeman's wife.

SUES FOR STORING COFFIN.

Manchester, Dec. 30.—Several years ago when ex-Gov. Frederick Smythe was at the height of his business activity he had a sarcophagus made to contain his body when he should die. He made arrangements, it is charged, with A. E. Gage, then superintendent of the Manchester horse railroad, to care for the sarcophagus. The coffin was drawn to the premises of Mr. Gage, who cared for it from 1891 to 1893. Mr. Gage presented a bill amounting to \$188.50 for storage and interest and the bill not being honored, he has now brought suit.

REAR ADMIRAL SCHLEY TO BE ENTERTAINED IN BALTIMORE.

Washington, Dec. 30.—Rear Admiral Schley will go to Baltimore on Tuesday to be the guest of his sister-in-law, Mrs. W. Parks Fisher, and on Wednesday will be the guest at dinner of the Arundel club. He has not decided whether he will take legal action against Edgar S. Machy, who called Schley a "cad" in his history of the navy, but it is believed that he will let the matter drop. It is announced that he will not appeal to President Roosevelt for a rehearing of his case. In about two weeks Admiral and Mrs. Schley will make a long trip through the South and West.

RICHMOND UNDER WATER.

Richmond, Va., Dec. 30.—A tremendous freshet is raging in the James river. The water is above the danger point at Columbia and still rising. The lower part of this city is cut off and its people are moving their effects. The steamers are unable to get to their wharves and some parts of the shipbuilding plant are submerged.

Y. M. C. A.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the association holds an experience meeting the second week in January.

The dramatic performance to be given by the association will be given the latter part of January in Philbrick hall.

The Junior Department of the association meet this evening at their room in the Y. M. C. A. building on Congress street.

On Wednesday from four to ten p. m. The members of the Y. M. C. A., assisted by the Ladies' Auxiliary will give a New Year's reception to the friends of the association at their rooms on Congress street. The calendar exhibition and art gallery promise to be a pleasing feature of the reception. A musical entertainment will be given and refreshments served.

CITY GOVERNMENT MEETS.

Both Branches In Session on Monday Evening.

Both branches of the city government met Monday evening in special session to consider the appropriation of enough money to meet the city's obligations which become due on Jan. 1, 1902.

In Board of Mayor and Aldermen. Mayor McIntire presided in the board of mayor and aldermen and the members got down to business at once. On motion of Ald. Phinney the rules were suspended and the following joint resolution was passed and sent down to the council for concurrence:

IN THE YEAR 1901.

Joint resolution authorizing a temporary loan.

Be it resolved by the City Councils of the City of Portsmouth as follows: That the Mayor be and is hereby authorized to borrow on the credit of the city such sums of money as may be necessary to meet the just demands and legal obligations of the city to Jan. 1, 1902.

Returning to regular routine business the records of the previous meeting were read and declared approved.

John F. Leavitt requested that the new street running from Orchard street to Willard avenue be named Ash street. This brought forth quite a discussion as to whether the street had ever been accepted by the city or not. Finally referred to committee on streets to report.

Alderman, Pray for the committee on claims requested that the claim of Byron Dame be referred to the city solicitor to report. Accepted.

Ald. Vaughan for the committee delegated to investigate the Pest Island affair asked for and was granted further time, but not until Ald. Phinney had made another ineffectual attempt to get the matter in the hands of the city solicitor.

The following joint resolution was passed and sent down for concurrence:

IN THE YEAR 1901.

Joint resolution authorizing a temporary loan.

Be it resolved by the city councils of the City of Portsmouth as follows: That the mayor be and is hereby authorized to borrow on the credit of the city the sum of eight thousand dollars to be applied for the purpose of the interest and coupons which become due January 1, 1902.

In Common Council.

Meeting called to order at 8:15, Councilman Goodall being made temporary president in the absence of President Mathes.

Mr. Goodall called Councilman Pettigrew to the chair and offered a resolution appropriating certain sums of money to meet the city's obligations, which was promptly squelched.

President Mathes arrived and Councilman Goodall withdrew from the chair.

The first joint resolution sent down by the aldermen in some way became lost and failed to be presented.

The second joint resolution died in its infancy, Councilmen Wood, Chickering, Goodall, Kiernan and Fernald voting yes and Councilmen Palfrey, Pettigrew, Pickering, Smith, Clark, Cole and Mathes no.

President Mathes announced that there would be another meeting of the council this evening at eight o'clock. Adjourned.

ATE AND DANCED.

Unitarian Alliance Party at Peirce Hall a Grand Event.

Not the least pleasant of the handsome parties of the season was the supper and dance of the Unitarian Alliance at Peirce hall on Monday evening. It was a very nice event. The music was excellent, the dresses were of the most stylish character and the people gathered were representative of Portsmouth's best society.

Supper was served to members of the parish from 5:30 to 7:30 o'clock. The supper, which was an elaborate one, was served under a committee of the ladies of which Mrs. A. P. Preston was the chairman.

The program of the dances contained fourteen numbers and extras. The dancing was under the supervision of a committee consisting of Mrs. Trafton, Mr. Peyser, Miss Randall and Mr. Hoyt.

The party was a most happy one and it was a late hour when the last number of the dance order was performed.

NEW YEAR'S GREETING.

Portsmouth Lodge, B. P. O. E., To Keep Open House New Year's Day.

Portsmouth lodge No. 97, B. P. O. E., is making elaborate arrangements for the celebration of New Year's day when the club rooms will be thrown open to the entertainment of their friends. In the evening the following excellent program has been prepared by W. W. McIntire:

Piano solo, descriptive, Harold Hett. Address, Bro. E. E. McIntire. B. P. O. E., Its Origin, Objects and Purposes, Bro. H. B. Dow. Piano solo, selections from San Toy, Harold Hett. Song, "My Dreams," John M. Mitchell. Song, "Gates of Paradise," J. E. Dolan.

Remarks, Bro. J. Frank Magraw. Piano solo, selected, W. W. McIntire. The Stein Song, Selma Wheeler. Duet, selected, Freeman Caswell, Selma Wheeler.

Following the literary program comes the banquet and Caterer J. E. Hussey will present the following menu for discussion:

Escalloped Oysters
Cold Turkey, Cranberry Sauce
Cold Ham
Pickles
Celery
Olives
Hot Rolls
Potato Salad
Frozen Pudding
Chocolate Ice Cream
Fruit
Coffee.

Each member of the lodge is privileged to invite one or two guests and the day will be made a memorable one in the history of the organization.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

The new locomotive crane was tested on Monday.

The weather has put back a great amount of outside work.

Messenger M. J. Leary is restricted to his residence by illness.

The employees of the yard will enjoy a day off on Wednesday.

Chief Gunner Lynch, U. S. N., has been given duty on the inspection board.

Albert Billings, machinist aboard the ships, is taking a fifteen days' leave.

A large shipment of cooerage is being made to Newport News for the Arkansas.

Capt. George F. Wilder, U. S. N., has returned from a two weeks' leave of absence.

Allen Ramsdell of the steam engineering department has been quite sick at his home on Middle road.

In case of an emergency the cruisers Detroit and Raleigh could be placed in commission at short notice.

Chief Boatswain Sweeney, U. S. N., is to move into the quarters vacated by Chief Boatswain Hill.

Austin Trevelthen, machinist in the steam engineering department, is enjoying a vacation until the new year.

Several workmen returned to work Monday after spending Christmas and a few days at their homes out of town.

It is understood that Naval Constructor Tawney and Civil Engineer Gregory will shortly return from New Orleans.

The main tracks of the steam railroad have been put down and the remainder of the work will be the grading and the putting in of spur tracks.

Master Ship Joiner George Burrows of the Boston navy yard was a visitor at the yard on Monday and was shown about the yard by Master Joiner Boyle.

BOTH WELL KNOWN HERE.

Engineer Quimby and Fireman Marshall, who were killed in the railroad wreck at Nashua a few days ago, were both well known in this city. Engineer Quimby having for a long time run regular and special trains between here and Manchester. Fireman Marshall was at one time stationed here and acted as fireman with Engineers William Marsh and George Ward on the 8:30 a. m. train between Portsmouth and Manchester, daily. They were well liked among the railroad men and all others who knew them.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The Herald has early news.

ADVANTAGES WE HAVE OVER OUR GRANDMOTHERS' DAYS.

Time Saving Methods Have Increased the Opportunities of Women For Self Advancement and For Training Their Children.

A glance down the century will convince us of the many advantages mothers have today that were unheard of less than a hundred—yes, fifty—years ago. We hold in veneration the days of homespun cloth and patchwork quilt, and so we should. They were a necessary and important step in our evolution, but I cannot help thinking at times that women developed more slowly than men in methods of work.

We hold in reverence the way mother used to do the work, regardless of modern and time saving methods, not taking into consideration the days in which we live. We do not take kindly to "the survival of the fittest." In these rushing times the chief hindrance to mankind seems to be the lack of time. Anything to save time is by men, and should be by women, hailed with delight. It will astonish one who has never tried it to keep an account of the minutes, sometimes hours, that may be saved in one day.

Let me mention a few suggestive "time savers," or, to use a more high sounding term, methods of domestic economy, about which we are hearing so much. Understand that I am not asking you to lower your standard of housekeeping. I only ask for a little more time for home-keeping. Be clean and orderly and teach your children to be clean and orderly (as you can), but don't be orderly for them.

Cook plenty of good, nourishing food, and cook it just as well as you can learn how, but don't serve a sample of everything the pantry and cellar contain every meal in the week. Rather a small variety than too great a one. I heard a physician say, after having prescribed for three cases of indigestion in rapid succession, "More people eat themselves to death than starve to death."

"Next to the food question comes that of clothing for the children. I am not certain, though, but that some people put the care of the furniture and the floor before either. Cloth the children sensibly, use modern styles (remember, I said sensibly, first), but don't tack on useless frills, ruffles, etc., for the sake of putting about so much on each garment. Rather see that the ends of threads are neatly fastened and trimmed. Do well, but do not overdo.

Recall some of the methods and inventions of the century, as sewing machines, then think of the time thus saved. The factory is the greatest time saver to woman. Think what time is saved by the cheese factory, the bakery, the canning factory, the woolen mills, the cotton mills, ready made clothing of all kinds, etc., work our grandmothers were compelled to perform.

Now that we have time, how should the modern mother use it? My plan is first, personal improvement. Read. Keep up with current events. Learn something of leading political issues of the day. Who was elected United States senator this week? How would we have voted? Learn something of the leading men—their work and their characters.

Take time to sympathize with citizens of sister nations and of our own as well, whom the fortunes of war may have bereft. How can we instill better methods for settling national difficulties into the minds of our children? Surely we do not want to offer them up, some years hence, as means to settle a national difference. Read, think, and give your children—yes, the world—the benefit of your thought.

Most great men have had great mothers. They may not have been known to fame, but in their modest way they have done a great and noble work. Note the power behind the throne in Garfield's life. What tenderness we felt for our president when "Grandmother McKinley" went home!

These are a few of the privileges of our own day. Do we use them? You can't find time to read? Let me suggest a few more ways of economizing your time. Don't iron every old rag in the washing. I once heard a W. C. T. U. sister say: "I used to scrub every walk on the premises once a week. Now I sweep them, and instead of ironing each and every dish towel I fold them all neatly, lay them on a chair, sit on them and read my Union Signal." She, however, weighed more than I do.

Set aside a time for yourself, say, after supper, tuck the babies in bed and put your work aside promptly at 7 or 7:30 o'clock, then read. A glance at the headlines or features of each page will save you time. Don't try to read everything in a paper. That would be almost as bad as not to read at all. Dailies come, you have time for study. Too tired to study? Try taking a few pages of some standard book to rest you. If you have nothing more important, read the school library books so you can talk about them with the children. As you go about your daily tasks your mind can assimilate what you have read the preceding day.—Louise Wales Bennett in Housekeeper.

Veiled Women in Egypt.

The tasmak, or veil, may be black or white, long or short, plain or embellished with rows of drawnwork or tucks and of any sort of fine, soft material. The women of the middle and lower classes wear for the most part black veils from one to three feet long; those higher in the social grade wear white ones, and occasionally they reach to the hem of the dress. These are held in place by a metal tube that is fastened over the nose and lower part of the forehead by cords securely tied behind. When worn with this habara in the orthodox fashion, there is nothing visible but the woman's bright, black eyes, which see everything going on.—Cleveland Leader.

Women at Golf.

The fact that the golf tournament system promotes healthy, normal exercise, which keeps the women in the open air all summer and transforms the frail ones into robust, happy creatures, seems to argue in its favor, provided the stimulation of encounter is needed. Assertions, however, have been made that tournaments provoke jealousies, enmities and cheating, that they harden a woman rudely and that they are breaking up the household gods in our homes. If woman is a brainless creature, without responsibility or accountability, without the power of self guidance, all this may be true. History does not so picture her.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS

The GENUINE must
bear the SIGNATURE
of

E. J. Groves.

The Celebrated
Cold & Grip Cure

UNCEASING VIGILANCE.

It's Way the Subtreasury in New York Is Guarded.

It was a sharp faced guard in the subtreasury in Wall street who got his eye on the visitor and watched him closely to the point of annoyance. The visitor, who was there on business, had occasion to wait in the corridors of the building, and not being a frequent caller there, he was unused to the customs of the employees.

"Waiting for anybody?" asked the guard, walking up to the stranger in a businesslike way.

"Yes, please? It is my business to ask. I am one of the guards here."

The stranger picked his ears and told his business and occupation.

"That's all right, then," explained the guard. As he was walking away he was asked:

"Is all that 'show' a rule of the department or is it pure vigilance?"

"No," said the guard, sweeping the broad floor between the latticed office windows. "It is not exactly a rule, but it is a common sense precaution."

"Do you expect any one to poke in here somehow and be fool enough to try to rob this place, with half a dozen armed guards sitting about?"

The question seemed to please the guard, and he mused.

"I'll tell you how it is. I have been in this place just six years now and never yet have I gone to my post in the morning without saying to myself, 'Today, maybe, something big will happen.' That, I think, is the way we all feel down here, and there is no reason why we should feel otherwise. In all the schemes that you, presumably an honest man, can suggest there is not one that would hold water in the proper looking of this place, similarly with a million other people."

"But it is the next fellow we need to watch for. The impossible has happened too often before. It can happen again. There is not a point, not even the confinement of sudden mob violence, which has been overlooked in the guarding of the treasury here. But what we do fear is the one single project that has been overlooked, the 'impossible.'"

"Here and there when strangers are asked their business in case they show a disposition to loiter they become angry. In that case they are promptly dealt with unless they explain in time, but most men, as you did, that this is an extraordinary place and that when we inquire of people their business it is not done for our own edification."

And the guard excused himself to make the tour across the open floor space, every inch of which he could see from where he was standing.—New York Times.

LOTTA'S BIGGEST NIGHT.

Miners of Hamilton, Nev., Throw Their Riches at Her Feet.

Lotta, the actress in private life Miss Charlotte (Theatrical), left the stage at the height of her popularity for reasons never definitely stated.

Her singular influence over rough men was exemplified by an incident that occurred when she was about seventeen. In charge of her mother she was making a tour of the Nevada mining camps. She landed at Hamilton, one of the roughest camps in the territory. An expectant crowd of particularly rough miners was

at the tavern to meet her when the stage drove up.

When there alighted from the stage a spare, elderly lady, who was Mrs. Crabtree, and a little girl in short frocks, who was Miss Crabtree, the disappointment was loudly and vociferously expressed.

However, any show was better than none, and that evening the miners fairly packed the place where the show was to take place. Two big band tables had been pushed together to make a stage, a curtain being dropped between for purposes of retirement. At the hour set for the opening there stepped from behind this curtain on to the front lillard table a demure little creature, with skirts reaching to the knees and carrying a handbag slung negligently over her shoulders.

The audience was very cold. In less than half an hour, however, Lotta had every mother's son of them in a state of high wrought enthusiasm. She sang to them, danced for them and told them funny stories with thirds energy, and they cheered her again and again. Finally one man in the audience, carried entirely away by enthusiasm, came down to the front with a whoop and, throwing something on the stage, cried out:

"There, you can have my pile."

The example was contagious. In less than a minute every man in the place was scrambling eagerly forward to divest himself of riches in order to lay them at Lotta's feet.

The result of that night's work was the most profitable in the history of Miss Lotta's career on the stage either in Nevada or anywhere else.—Saturday Evening Post.

Peruvian Roads.

It is said that in prehistoric times the Incas of Peru built roads that extended from the tropically heated valleys up the mountains to the regions of perpetual frost, using the natural asphalt rock, and these roads are in good condition today.

Cautious Sect.

A certain sect in Russia considers hair sinful and baldness a sign of sanctity.

Ink Lozenges.

Ink lozenges which when dissolved in water furnish a serviceable ink are made of Camperach wood extract, mucilage and alum or of compressed black asphaltine substance.

For the Gouty.

One authority says: If troubled with gout, avoid meat, sweets, pastry, wines, spices, hot rolls, bread of all sorts and everything belonging to the tribe of ferments. Eggs, game, fresh fruit, vegetables, especially salad, may be eaten with impunity.

Doctors in England.

Seventeen per cent of all the doctors in Great Britain live in London.

Consumption.

A writer in the Edinburgh Review emphasizes the fact that dirt, bad air and insanitary buildings are the chief causes of consumption, which is therefore easily preventable.

THE WHIRL OF FASHION.

Very elegant French costumes of cloth are made with flounces, stoup-plinets, lion jacket, muff and toque of velvet.

Silver buttons, both drill and polished, are very much in vogue and are used on every sort of garment from velvet to serge.

Cravat applique lies on black or fairly colored velvet is much used in elegant millinery and for opera pelerines, vests, gowns and steel collars.

The cannel's hair felt hats in "pique" shapes are very pretty and smart looking. Many are bound with fur, mink and sable being a favorite trimming.

The new Spencer waist, closing with buttons and buttonholes at the center of the front, has the dip outline below the belt and close coat closing with bell cuffs.

Admirably suited to a slender figure is the new blouse jacket closed in double breasted style or worn open and made with a standing or turndown Napoleon collar.

Corduroys and silk faced velveteens in golden brown, silver gray, lustrous moss green and other handsome winter colors are set forth among the popular fabrics of the season.—New York Post.

BILL OF THE PLAY.

Pauline Hall says she may head an opera company next season.

Ethel Brandon has returned to her old part in the "Two Little Vagrants."

Joseph Jefferson will, as usual, spend the winter at his home in Palm Beach, Fla.

Elsie De Wolfe's dressing room at the Victoria, New York, is decorated in pink. Pink is Miss De Wolfe's favorite color.

Paul M. Potter is to write the words to Leslie Stuart's tunes under a contract with Charles Frohman for a musical farce.

Maudie Adams is the subject of an exceptionally readable and profusely illustrated book by Acton Davies, the well known dramatic reviewer.

Louis Mann and Clara Lipman will head separate companies next season. Mr. Mann will star in "The Red Kloof" and Miss Lipman will star in "All on Account of Eliza."

Versatility tells in the western stock companies. The "heavy man" and the "leading juvenile" in one organization, being athletic, gave trapeze feats between acts of a drama.

Among the Burmese a newly married couple, to insure a happy life, exchange a mixture of tea leaves steeped in oil.

Beating Eggs. If the whites of eggs do not beat lightly, stir into them a little salt and stand them over or near the fire for a few moments. They will then froth more quickly and stiffer.

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Why There Should Be No Letting Up In Opposition to the Chinese.

Opposition to the re-enactment of the Geary Chinese exclusion act is not demonstrative, but nevertheless it is very real and strong and persistent. It would be a mistake to underestimate its extent and force.

President Roosevelt's frank and vigorous approval in his message of the exclusion policy has been effective fortunately in imposing silence upon most of the Republican organs which through the years have been strenuous in antagonizing it. To differ from the president and thus be out of harmony with what he has striven to incorporate as a feature of his party's programme would make too large a demand upon their courage. The sudden cessation of their denunciation of anticoolism as "demagogic pandering to low race prejudice and class ignorance," while it does no honor to their independence, is one proof of how substantial a service Mr. Roosevelt has rendered the country.

There seems to be every probability that congress will vote to keep up the bars against the Chinese, but it is not wise to trust too much in this outlook. It will be judicious for the friends of the exclusion policy not to abate their zeal until actual victory has been won. We may be sure that the enemies of the policy will not sleep.

These enemies are of two classes, only one of which is entitled to respect. We refer to those people, all residents of portions of the country free from the Chinese, who are without practical knowledge of the question and who feel that to forbid any race to come to us is to violate the American principle of equality and depart from the noble and generous tradition which makes this republic the refuge of the poor and oppressed of all nations.

The answer to this wholly honorable argument of sentiment is to itself, as every man's first duty is to his own household, to which he will not, in obedience to the dictate of hospitality, admit persons who will contaminate his home.

The objection to the Chinese is social as well as industrial. Industrially the Chinaman is a menace not only to the wage earner, but to the small manufacturer and merchant. When the Chinaman learns a trade and displaces a white worker, he sets up for himself and proceeds to displace the white employer, cutting wages and profits in the process. He lowers the standard of living, and that is good for no country. The experience of the Pacific coast, extending over half a century, fully enlightens anybody on the industrial aspect of the Chinese question who cares to take the trouble to inform himself of the facts.

Socially the Chinaman is utterly indigestible. In race, habits, religion, ideals and wants he is at the poles from the white man. Unlike the European immigrant, he does not come to stay. He neither brings his family with him nor creates a family here. He cannot become part of the community, but remains a stranger and a foreigner. Impervious to the influences of our civilization, he cannot be assimilated, nor is it desirable that he should, unless we are ready to think with favor of Chinese husbands with white wives. To admit the Chinese is to invite another race problem. One is more than enough.

The other class of Chinese advocates employ the language of sentiment, but their real motive is wholly selfish and sordid. They want cheap labor, first cheap Chinese labor and then the cheapening of white labor through Chinese competition. They care nothing for the interests of the American workman and nothing for the interests of either the American republic or Christian civilization. The immediate interest of their own pockets is their sole concern. In the presence of the Chinese problem, as in the presence of every other industrial and social and political problem involving the welfare of the country, they stand for simple greed, which knows nothing of humanity or patriotism. Their spirit is the narrow, the forbidding and sinister spirit of the criminal trusts.

In battling for their own rights and demanding the continued exclusion of the Chinese the American workmen are battling for the best and most permanent interests of all of us, for on the well being of labor the well being of the republic must always be founded.—New York Journal.

Labor Situation in Germany. The most recent investigations from German labor conditions show the labor situation growing worse.

The Arbeits Markt, a newspaper, says there were 224 applicants for 100 vacancies in November as against 200 applicants for the same number of vacancies in October.

It is estimated that at least 10,000 persons were present at the different meetings of unemployed which were held in Berlin the other day. The Socialist organ, the Vorwarts, notes the fact that the men, as a rule, were morally and physically greatly superior to those who attended the meetings of the unemployed in 1902. Their quiet bearing showed that they had not lost hope, while the good clothing worn by most of them proved their to have provided in prosperous times for a period of depression. Every here the speeches were followed with the keenest attention, and a number of more or less Socialistic resolutions were unanimously carried. It was decided that, in view of the constantly increasing severity of the economic crisis, the Prussian and imperial authorities should be urged to take immediate measures to relieve distress. The municipal authorities were requested to proceed at once with all contemplated building schemes and, indeed, to proceed with municipal work of every kind.

Farmer Soldiers. Of the soldiers in the civil war 48 per cent were farmers.

Elizabeth's Letters. According to a London paper, a sealed bag is preserved in the rolls of office containing letters and documents once belonging to Queen Elizabeth and never opened since her death. It may only be examined with the joint consent of the sovereign, the archbishop of Canterbury and the lord chancellor.

A Burmese Custom. Among the Burmese a newly married couple, to insure a happy life, exchange a mixture of tea leaves steeped in oil.

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Portsmouth People Receiving the Full Benefit.

There have been many cases like the following in Portsmouth. Everyone relates the experience of people we know. These plain straightforward statements will do much toward relieving the suffering of thousands. Such testimony will be read with interest by many people.

Mrs. Ira F. Randall of 73 Pleasant street, says:—

"I was taken with acute lumbago in the back, and it became so tender over the kidneys that I could not bend forward. Twinges of pain often caught me in making any quick movement. The pain and the tired feeling hanging over me all the time wore most distressing. I was very badly off when I went to Philbrick's pharmacy in Franklin block for Doan's Kidney Pills, yet they very quickly benefitted me, and I discontinued using them before the box was completed. I am very favorably impressed with the old Quaker remedy, and as I have quite recovered from the attack I can certainly recommend it."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

OLIVER W. HAM,

(Successor to Samuel S. Fletcher)

60 Market Street.

Furniture Dealer

— AND —

Undertaker.

Notice Calls at side entrance, No. 2 Hanover street, or at residence, cor. New Vaughan street and Baynes avenue.

Telephone 59—2.

The Celebrated

7-20-4

10c CIGAR

WILL BE PACKED IN SOUVENIR

BOXES OF 25 EACH FOR

THE HOLIDAYS

The number of this style pack will be limited. Orders should be placed in advance.

LADIES—Nothing will please a smoker equal to one of these handsome packages.

For Sale by All First Class Dealers.

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfr.,

Manchester, N. H.

H. W. NICKERSON,

LICENSED EMBALMER

— AND —

FUNERAL DIRECTOR,

6 Daniel St. Portsmouth.

Calls by night at residence, 9 Mills avenue, or 11 Gates street, will receive prompt attention.

Telephone at office and residence.

W. E. Paul

RANGES

— AND —

PARLOR STOVES

KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS

Everything to be found in a First-Class Kitchen Furnishing store, such as: Tinware (both grades), Enamelled Ware (both grades), Nickel Ware, Wooden Ware, Cutlery, Lamp, Oil Heaters, Carpet Sweepers, Washing Machines, Wringers, Cake Closets, Lunch Boxes, etc.

Many useful articles will be found on the 5c and 10c Counter.

Please consider that in Old Age will be found some of the

Most Useful and Affordable Family Goods

39 to 45 Market Street

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE HERALD.

(Formerly The Evening Post)
ESTABLISHED SEPT. 23, 1884.

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(Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., Post Office as second class mail matter.)

For Portsmouth and Portsmouth's Interests

You want local news! Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it

TUESDAY, DEC. 31, 1901.

The Boers declined to allow themselves the usual holiday vacation.

If Iowa continues to grow in political importance, Ohio must look to its laurels.

Marconi is confident that neither wireless telegraphy nor marriage is a failure.

There will be a great many mental fortunes made by men with mythical interests in old canal projects.

New York hopes to suppress all the gamblers with the exception of those who hazard large sums in Wall street.

President Castro of Venezuela is one of the numerous people who call themselves reformers when they are merely personally ambitious.

Congress has so much urgent business on hand that it may be excused for not working over time in order to give especial attention to the controversy department.

Richard Croker experiences the usual difficulties in realizing that his expressed willingness to retire from publicity has been taken in good faith by the public.

Chicago derives some comfort from the fact that it would be almost a physical impossibility for more than half the charges made against its morals and culture to be true.

Among the circumstances that have tended to thin the ranks of populism is the fact that a large number of former advocates of the doctrine have since made money in oil or stocks.

Mr. Low has expressed his appreciation of Mr. Platt's support in the recent campaign. Mr. Platt's style of politics usually looks for something more substantial than a letter of thanks.

Lillookalani will naturally wish that the re-association of Grover Cleveland with public affairs might be made in some connection more closely related to the administration than the new arbitration committee.

Mr. Carnegie was wise in not attempting to carry on any business beyond that of putting his benefactions into such shape as would make them practical and popularly acceptable. The task is quite enough to monopolize and one man's talents and energies.

It would have greatly amused or greatly worried such men as Ben. Franklin to know that a time would come in the history of this republic when a man's private income would be discussed as affecting his ability to meet the social obligations of a cabinet officer.

MACLAY'S DISMISSAL IN WASHINGTON.

The Washington Star shows just how the dismissal of the notorious historian, Macley, is taken in the capital. That this is the way the general public feels there can be no doubt. The Star says:

The course recently pursued by Macley, late of the navy's civil establishment, is worthy of consideration apart from the issues involved in the great controversy with which he is so intimately connected. This man of fabled both factions of the people. His unpatriotic, unwarranted, unmanly characterization of Rear Admiral Schley was immediately repudiated even by those who did not assent to all the claims made in Schley's be-

half. It was widely recognized that a man of such narrow prejudices and uncontrollable temper could not contribute anything of genuine worth to the history of the navy. Writing while the controversy was in a fair way to die away, he revived it with his adjectives and intensified the bitterness of the wrangle over the issues of the Santiago campaign. Macley's dismissal from the naval service was justified by every consideration of good administration and public spirit. The president, a staunch supporter of the civil service principle, made no mistake when he swept away the formalities and, immediately upon the approval of the findings of the naval court which put the last touch of denial to Macley's charges, summarily called for his resignation. For the president to pause and proceed with the red tape process of preferring charges against this man would have made the civil service ridiculous by exposing its failure to adjust itself to emergencies. President Procter of the civil service commission properly declared to Macley in answer to his preposterous appeal from the president's action that his offense was notorious beyond the need of an investigation. There was no occasion to dignify the man's misbehavior further by citing him to defend himself when a formal finding of a high naval court had decreed him to be a slanderer. There has been no suggestion of a violation of the law or the spirit of the law. The civil service principle was never so strong as when it is demonstrated that it can meet the requirements of a case which calls for immediate action for the palpable good of the public service.

NEW ORLEANS AS A NAVAL STATION.

The development of southern naval stations is one of great importance, and the prospect of New Orleans being made a modern naval establishment cannot but be happily considered by those who feel that every section of the country should be strong in facilities and opportunities for work, it being understood that no station shall be neglected or allowed to drift into idleness, or the best interests of each station be forgotten. New Orleans is enthusiastic at the idea of being made of importance in this line.

People in New Orleans naturally say that a navy yard is an industrial establishment and should be located convenient to a labor market, and to a market for material. The question of protection is secondary, the large cities are sure to be protected, as New Orleans is the largest city on the Gulf, and the Gulf coast forms a large part of our national coast line. It is proper that it should be the location for one of the naval stations.

It seems that it is destined to be one of the great commercial ports of the world. Already it is the second export port of our country, and the Nicaragua canal will greatly increase its importance commercially and the strategic value of a naval station there. It is the seaport for the great Mississippi valley, the natural outlet and inlet to half our entire territory, and that naturally so important a doorway should to the site of an important naval station. New Orleans is adjacent to the great oil fields of Texas and the coal and iron fields of Alabama, and is the only deep water port on the Gulf. The cheap fuel will revolutionize methods of manufacture, and greatly stimulate all industrial occupations. Already oil is sold in New Orleans at a price equivalent to coal at \$2.00 per ton. The expected manufacturing development, will increase the advantages already possessed as a site for a large navy yard.

OUR DUTY TO CUBA.

To the Editor of the Chronicle.—This calendar year we shall import an amount of sugar at a cost of \$225,000,000. Here is where we find our new dependencies, Hawaii, Porto Rico and the Philippines most useful. The sugar interests in those territories need all the encouragement we can afford them. Cuba, while not purposed to remain as one of our dependencies, also needs and badly needs reciprocal relations with us in the matter of sugar. As we have at present, to pay out \$115,000,000 yearly for that necessary, why should not as much as possible of it go to Cuba. Our duty to her is clear. We must give her real independence, which means we must put into the hands of her people, the chance and incentive to mainly support themselves by the rebuilding of their almost destroyed sugar interests. Cuba is our nearest neighbor, and we want her to be a prosperous neighbor, as much for our own interests as for hers. It is not to our profit or honor to keep her at arm's length commercially. We have pledged ourselves to the world to help her to independence, not to a state of "poor relation" vassalage.

True American statesmen of this day, are not narrow minded but on

the contrary, their policies are as broad as our own fair land. It remains with us, the people, to view our relations towards Cuba broadly and considerately; to avoid that public clamor or narrow mindedness, which alone, will tie the hands, and dull the liberal purposes toward her, of our chosen representatives at Washington. Niggardliness never pays.

Very truly yours,
WALTER J. BALLARD.
Schenectady, N. Y., December 27.

RUSSIA SENDS HER REPLY.

Answer to American Note on Seal Fishery Differences Handed to Prof. Asser, the Arbitrator.

The Hague, Dec. 31.—The Russian chamberlain, M. Komaroff, has handed to Prof. Asser (one of the Dutch members of the permanent arbitration court, the arbitrator of the claims of American sealers for the seizure of their vessels by the Russian government about six years ago) Russia's reply to the last note of the United States on the subject of the Behring sea seal fishery differences.

MONEY FOR SCHLEY.

His Friends Reduce Their Claims for His Vindication to a Pay Basis.

New York, Dec. 31.—Capt. James Parker of Perth Amboy, N. J., one of Rear Admiral Schley's counsel before the court of inquiry, said today that Schley regarded the case as closed, but that his friends would ask congress to vindicate him by returning him full pay and reimbursing him for the expenses of his trial.

NEW HAMPSHIRE HORSES.

The Horse Review points out that at the end of the harness racing season of 1901 New Hampshire holds three records. The fastest four-year old trotter of the year was Eleata 2:08 1/2, the property of Frank Jones, Portsmouth. The fastest four-year old pacer of the year was Louise G. 2:08 1/2, owned by George E. Waller of Rochester. The horse winning the largest amount was Eleata, her winnings being \$19,500. The total amount won by New Hampshire horses on the turf during the year was \$54,678.50 of which the Jones Maplewood farm stable won \$23,025. The tracks of the state paid out in purses \$41,000. This does not look like a total decline of interest in the harness horse in New Hampshire, and the fact that nearly half the earnings were made by one stable does not necessarily mean that that interest is not general. Leaving out the earnings of the Jones stable, the remainder of the \$54,678.50 was pretty well distributed over the state, Lebanon, Rochester, Pittsfield, Newmarket, Claremont, Nashua, Manchester, Concord and other cities and towns all got their share. There was a revival of interest in harness racing in Manchester last summer, and the outlook seems to be good for next season, especially if the proposed plans for a new circuit, including Manchester, shall materialize. All this means business. Perhaps New Hampshire is again to take her place as something of a horse breeding center, and if this is true, so much the better for New Hampshire. —Manchester Union.

DAMAGE IN THE SOUTH.

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 31.—Serious washouts on the Western railway between here and Atlanta, and on the Louisville and Nashville to the south have completely blocked the fast mail route from the east to New Orleans. All roads in this section are crippled except the Central of Georgia and the Mobile & Ohio.

At Dyas, above Mobile, the fast mail due here yesterday morning is tied up, with the engine, baggage and postal cars ditched and lying in the water.

At Fort Deposit, two engines and thirty three freight cars are ditched. On the Alabama and Florida branch of the Louisville and Nashville Rocky creek has swept away several hundreds yards of track. The rain storm extended along the entire Coosa and Alabama river valleys, ranging from five to seven and one-half miles.

PROBATE COURT DATES.

Register of Probate George F. Richards has issued his annual calendar, with the announcement of the times and places of holding courts of probate for Rockingham county during the year 1902. The sessions are to be as follows:

Jan. 7, Portsmouth; Jan. 28, Exeter; Feb. 4, Derry; Feb. 25, Exeter; March 4, Portsmouth; March 25, Exeter; April 1, Raymond; April 22, Exeter; May 6, Portsmouth; May 27, Exeter; June 10, Derry; June 21, Exeter; July 1, Portsmouth; July 15, Raymond; July 22, Exeter; Sept. 2, Portsmouth; Sept. 23, Exeter; Oct. 7, Derry; Oct. 28, Exeter; Nov. 5, Portsmouth; Nov. 25, Exeter; Dec. 2, Raymond; Dec. 16, Derry; Dec. 23, Exeter.

There will be no probate court held during the month of August.

Horses in Battle.
When wounded in battle, horses are attended to as soon as possible. A veterinary officer with assistants follows close on the fighting line, and those animals with slight injuries are collected together and sent to the veterinary hospitals established at fixed camps. Those very badly wounded are shot.

Chile's Wines.
Vine culture and the production of wines has in recent years become an important industry in the republic of Chile.

How the Wind Blows.
If on a calm day you want to know in what direction the slightest current of air is moving, wet your finger and hold it up. It feels cool on the side where the breeze strikes it owing to the evaporation.

Poultices.
The majority of poultices may be mixed with boiling water and allowed to boil for a few minutes, and this will help them to retain the heat.

Polish in Poland.
In Poland it is a penal offense to speak Polish in any public resort.

Chinese Oysters.
The Chinese lay down bamboo rods for young oysters to cling to and give them no special attention. When a fair number are mature, they pick up the rods and carry large and small to market without separating them from the rods.

A Long Ocean Drift.
The longest measured drift of a bottle was in the Pacific, from 4 degrees south of the equator to the Fiji islands, a distance of 6,700 miles, in 435 days.

The Oyster Family.
Oysters, clams and mussels are very digestible, if only the soft part or liver is taken. The tough part is muscle and when cooked is too difficult of digestion for invalids. Mussels occasionally become dangerously or even fatally poisonous through the development of a poison in the liver.

London Cigars.
About 33 per cent of the cigars sold in London are not made of tobacco leaf.

Belongs to Juveniles.
The expression, "All the world's a stage," though attributed to Shakespeare, is found in the Latin of Juvenal. An old Grecian author says, "Greece is a theater where all are players."

Careless Travelers.
Over a thousand parcels are lost every day on British railways.

River of Ink.
A river of ink is formed in Algeria by the union of two streams, the water of one being impregnated with iron, and the other, which drains a great swamp, with galleic acid. This combination of iron and acid forms a pure ink.

A Bushel of Wheat.
Ten minutes of labor by one man is all that is now required to produce a bushel of wheat. In 1830 it required three hours and three minutes.

Isle of Man Roads.
In the Isle of Man roads are maintained by the revenue from two sources—a small tax upon every wheel and shod hoof and a levy upon every male inhabitant, who must give a day's work on the road or its equivalent in cash.

St. Paul's.
St. Paul's cathedral was built from a tax on sea coal.

Garment Loops.
Loops for hanging up garments are continually breaking. A serviceable loop is made by cutting a strip of kid from an old glove, rolling in it a piece of coarse string and sewing the edges of the kid neatly together.

Clam Broth.
Clam broth is not very nutritious, but is a sedative to the stomach and will sometimes relieve nausea very promptly.

A Freak of Nature.
A freak of nature is the lost river in Kentucky. It is known as the Hidden river because no one knows its origin, and it vanishes into a cave leading to one knows where. It flows without a ripple and is of a pale bluish color.

Roman Ink.
The ink of the Greeks and Romans was merely lampblack mingled with gum in the proportion of three parts of the former to one of the latter.

A Wet Umbrella.
An umbrella when wet should be well shaken, then closed and stood handle downward where the water will run off. Never put it away tightly folded, as when kept in this way the silk is apt to split.

Titles in Russia.
There is one titled person to every hundred commoners in Russia.

Plaster Casts.
It should not be overlooked in coloring plaster casts that only certain subjects are suitable for coloring. Those which represent subjects that in the original are in white marble should not be colored beyond the shade of old marble.

Good Letter Fastener.
A letter closed with the white of an egg cannot be opened by the steam of boiling water.

A Hat's Nail.
For one of his reports a hat does not ent less than thirteen caterpillars, and in twenty-four hours the smallest specimen will easily eat eighty flies or more.

YOU CERTAINLY WANT THE PUREST FINE OLD

KY. TAYLOR WHISKEY

Full Quarts. 8 Years Old.

R. H. HIRSHFIELD, N. E. Agent,
31 DOANE STREET, BOSTON.

For Sale by Case and Bottle by Globe Grocery Co.

TO KILL JAPANESE RULER.

An Attempt on the Life of the Emperor Made by a Foreigner Named Thorsen.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 31.—The steamer Athenian, which has just arrived here, brings Japanese papers which tell of what appeared to be an attempt to assassinate the emperor by a foreigner named Thorsen.

Thorsen, with an ex-member of the Japanese parliament, Tanaka Sjose, waited for the imperial carriage after the ceremony of opening the Diet had taken place. The Japanese wished to present a document to his majesty, and threw off his coat and hat to approach the carriage. As he rushed forward, Thorsen also ran up with a pistol in his hand, but before he could do anything he was overpowered and disarmed by the soldiers of the guard.

It is alleged that Thorsen had an interest in the document which the Japanese was attempting to present to the emperor, and that he brandished the weapon merely to impress the Japanese with his importance. Thorsen is still in jail, while the Japanese was provisionally pardoned.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At a meeting of the Piscataqua Lodge, I. O. O. F., these officers were elected:

N. G. John W. Gerrish;
V. G. Thomas Martin;
Rec. sec., William P. Pickett;
Treas., James A. Hugg;
Fin. sec., Edward Bewley;
Hall committee, Albert R. Jenkins.

Grand Council, Princes of Jerusalem, has elected these officers:

M. E. S. P. G. M., Fred B. Coleman;
G. H. P. D. G. M., John Hatch;
M. E. S. G. W., Albert R. Jenkins;
M. E. J. G. W., Fred H. Ward;
V. G. T., Frank L. Pryor;
V. G. S. T. K. of S. and A., James A. Rand;
V. G. M. of C., John K. Hatch;
V. G. A., G. Fred Drew;
V. G. M. of E., Warren P. Webster;
G. T., Robert H. Hall.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Instead of a watch night service this evening, two services of unusual interest, lasting about an hour each, will be held in the vestry.

At 7:30 o'clock the auxiliary of the W. F. M. S. will meet. An interesting program has been arranged. The roll call will be responded to by facts concerning missionary work during the year. Mite boxes are to be handed in.

Immediately following the pastor will conduct a revival service and give an address on the subject, "Last Things."

It is expected that all members of the church and congregation will make a special effort to attend both services.

EXETER.

The trustees of Phillips Andover academy have sold to Edward H. Humphrey of Lawrence land and buildings in Windham for \$700.

The heavy rain and fog of Sunday and Monday have left the ground thinly covered with ice and have caused quite a freshet in Exeter river. It is not likely, however, to do appreciable damage.

Joas Jetti, a laundryman, was washing flannels the other day when he thoughtlessly rubbed his eyes with a wet hand. The result is a serious affliction of the eyes, and there is the possibility that he may lose the sight of one of them.

OBITUARY.

Harriet Louisa Boardman. Died at her home in Providence, Nov. 21st, Harriet Louisa Boardman, daughter of S. B. and Elizabeth Marden of Portsmouth, in her seventy-eighth year.

Mrs. Sarah A. Foye. On Monday, Dec. 29, in this city occurred the death of Mrs. Sarah A. Foye, aged ninety-seven years, death being caused by old age.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

For Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gravel, Gout, Dropsy, Skin Diseases, and all the ailments arising from a disordered state of the bowels.

It is a powerful purgative, and its action is so gentle that it may be taken by the most delicate.

It is sold by all druggists and chemists.

For one of his reports a hat does not ent less than thirteen caterpillars, and in twenty-four hours the smallest specimen will easily eat eighty flies or more.

SMALL ADLETS

Such as For Sale, To Let, Wanted, Etc. will be inserted in this column

3 LINES 1 WEEK 40 CENTS

WANTED—Energetic salesmen to sell the A. R. Weiss Dustless Floor Brush to merchants and institutions. Good route, permanent position, and good pay. A. R. Weiss & Co., 225 Cedar St., Milwaukee, Wis.

NO PENNY POSTAGE.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 31.—Representative Loud, chairman of the House committee on postoffices and post roads, had a talk with the president yesterday about postal legislation. Mr. Loud says that one-cent postage is out of the question. "Under present conditions," he said, penny postage would result in a deficit of \$35,000,000 annually."

JINGLES AND JESTS.

Woman and Her Coat.
She's wearing an automobile coat now, but she sported a golf coat a year ago. She has to keep up with the game somehow. Oh, what'll it be in a year or so?

She used to go by in a close cut rig; in a tennis vest she displayed her shape. Perhaps next year she'll be seen in a big contrivance they'll call the airship cape. —Chicago Record-Herald.

It Comes High.
"But of course in your country there are no titles to be bought," said the Englishman.
"Not exactly titles," replied the candid American, "but a man frequently pays a high price in order to be designated 'a good fellow.'"—Chicago Post.

A Guarded Reply.
"So you are on an automobile trip?" said the friend. "Where are you going now?"
"I couldn't say for certain," answered Mrs. Cayenne, "whether it is home or the emergency hospital."—Washington Star.

The World's Greatest Playwright.
There was a young person named Fitch, who for a while had a great itch; as a matter of fact, he would dash off an act every hour, with many a hitch. —Chicago Record-Herald.

It Will Even Up Later.
"I wish," said the little girl, "I had two birthdays a year."
"Don't worry, Jennie," returned her Aunt Ellen. "When you get to be thirty or over, it will seem to you as if they came fully as fast as that."—Chicago Post.

Easily Interpreted.
Mrs. Hoon—I dreamed last night that you had given me an automobile.
Mr. Hoon—H'm, yes. You had a horseless nightmare; and, by the way, my dear, dreams usually go by contraries."—Smart Set.

From Far Iowa.
Said a cranky dyspeptic from Ia., "I wish my dyspepsia would die." But, alas, "it would not fly." And when offered mince pie he was forced to exclaim, "Take that pie!" —Detroit Free Press.

A Serious Case.
"Yes, she has played golf just once, and now she talks it all the time."
"Did she play it well?"
"She played it a great deal better than she talks it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Not Constant.
Stutterton—G-g-good morning.
Cutterton—Good morning. Say, do you always stammer like that?
Stutterton—N-n-no. Only w-when I t-try to t-talk.—Philadelphia Press.

A Question.
This canal across the isthmus; its advantage, who can doubt it? Will it take as long to dig it? As it takes to talk about it? —Washington Star.

A Benefactress.
Dobbinson—Why do you call that beautiful Miss Isanpache a liberty belle?
Hadtewgoc—She gave me my freedom.—Philadelphia North American.

A Capitulation.
We blame the constant kicker and chide him with a will, and yet the world oft gives him His wish to keep him still. —Washington Star.

What Is Meant.
"They say they are selling out at 50%."
"Yes—at the cost to the purchaser."—Chicago Post.

He Was It.
"I'll marry whom I please!" said she, "And tossed her little head."
"Hurray! You're mine!" For certainly You do please me!" he said. —Philadelphia Press.

PORTSMOUTH'S SECRET AND SOCIAL SOCIETIES.

WHEN AND WHERE THEY MEET.

A Guide for Visitors and Members.

OAK CASTLE, NO. 4, K. G. A.
Meets at Hall, Peirce Block, High St. Second and Fourth Wednesdays of each month.

Officers—Willis B. Mathes, P. C.; Robert M. Herrick, N. C.; Allison L. Phinney, V. C.; Charles C. Charlsen, H. P.; Fred Heiser, V. H.; Fred Gardner, K. of E.; Charles W. Hanscom, C. of E.; Samuel R. Gardner, M. of R.; George P. Knight, S. H.

PORTSMOUTH LODGE, NO. 97, B. P. O. A.
Meets at Hall, Daniel St., Second and Fourth Tuesdays of each month, except Second Tuesday of June, July and August, and Fourth Tuesday of September.

Officers—A. N. Wells, E. R.; H. B. Dow, Treas.; William P. Gray, Sec.

PORTSMOUTH COUNCIL, NO. 3, O. U. A.
Meets at Hall, Franklin Block, First and Third Thursday of each Month.
Officers—William P. Gardner, C.; Charles B. Allen, V. C. Frank Pike, R. S.; Frank S. Langley, F. S.; J. W. Marden, T.; Charles W. Hanscom, Ind.; Malcomb D. Stuart, Ex.; William C. Berry, I. P.; William Emery, O. P.; Harry Hersum, Trustee.

Professional Cards.

W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.,

Residence, 98 State St.
Office, 26 Congress St.
Portsmouth, N. H.

OFFICE HOURS: 1 A. M. to 5 P. M.
7:30 to 10 Evenings

C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.

DENTAL ROOMS, 10 MARKET SQUARE
Portsmouth, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.

84 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.

Office Hours:
Until 9 A. M. 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M.

The Famous HOTEL WHITTIER,

Open the Entire Year.

FAVORITE STOPPING PLACE FOR PORTSMOUTH PEOPLE.

If you are on a pleasure drive you cannot fail to enjoy a meal at Whittier's.

OTIS WHITTIER, Proprietor

OUTLER'S SEA VIEW,

HAMPTON BEACH,

Where you get the famous **FISH DINNERS.**

Most beautifully situated hotel on the coast. Parties catered to.

JOHN OUTLER, Proprietor

STANDARD BRAND, Newark cement

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the Principal Government and Other Public Works.

And he received the commendation of the Navy Architects and Consumers generally. Persons wanting cement should not be misled. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY

JOHN H. BROUGHTON

The Herald has all the latest news.

BOSTON & MAINE R. R.

EASTERN DIVISION.

Winter Arrangement.
(In Effect October 14, 1901.)

Leave Portsmouth

For Boston—3:50, 7:20, 8:15, 10:53, a. m.; 2:21, 5:00, 7:28, p. m. Sunday, 3:50, 8:00, a. m.; 2:21, 5:00, p. m.

For Portland—9:55, 10:45, a. m.; 2:45, 5:22, 8:50, 9:20, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45, a. m.; 8:55, p. m.

For Wells Beach—9:55, a. m.; 2:45, 5:22, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, a. m.

For Old Orchard and Portland—9:55, a. m.; 2:45, 5:22, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, a. m.

For North Conway—9:55, a. m.; 2:45, p. m.

For Somersworth—4:50, 9:45, 9:55, a. m.; 2:40, 2:45, 5:22, 5:30 p. m.

For Rochester—9:45, 9:55, a. m.; 2:40, 2:45, 5:22, 5:30 p. m.

For Dover—4:50, 9:45, a. m.; 12:15, 2:40, 5:22, 8:52, p. m. Sunday, 8:30, 10:45, a. m.; 8:57, p. m.

For North Hampton and Hampton—7:20, 8:15, 10:53, a. m.; 5:00, p. m. Sunday, 8:00, a. m.; 5:00, p. m.

Trains for Portsmouth

Leave Boston—7:30, 9:00, 10:10, a. m.; 12:30, 3:30, 4:45, 7:00, 7:45, p. m. Sunday, 4:30, 5:20, 9:00, a. m.; 6:40, 7:00, p. m.

Leave Portland—2:40, 9:00, a. m.; 12:45, 6:00, p. m. Sunday, 2:00, a. m.; 12:45, p. m.

Leave North Conway—7:25, a. m.; 4:15, p. m.

Leave Rochester—7:19, 9:47, a. m.; 3:50, 6:25, p. m. Sunday, 7:00, a. m.

Leave Somersworth—6:35, 7:32, 10:00, a. m.; 4:05, 6:35, p. m.

Leave Dover—6:50, 10:21, a. m.; 1:40, 4:30, 6:30, 9:20, p. m. Sunday, 7:30, a. m.; 9:25, p. m.

Leave Hampton—9:22, 11:50, a. m.; 2:13, 4:59, 6:16, p. m. Sunday, 6:26, 10:06, a. m.; 8:09, p. m.

Leave North Hampton—9:28, 11:55, a. m.; 2:19, 5:05, 6:21, p. m. Sunday, 6:30, 10:12, a. m.; 8:15, p. m.

Leave Greenland—9:35, a. m.; 12:01, 2:25, 5:11, 6:27, p. m. Sunday, 6:35, 10:18, a. m.; 8:26, p. m.

SOUTHERN DIVISION

Portsmouth Branch.

Trains leave the following stations for Manchester, Concord and intermediate stations:

Portsmouth—8:30, a. m.; 12:15, 5:25, p. m.

Greenland Village—8:39, a. m.; 12:54, 5:32, p. m.

Rockingham Junction—9:07, a. m.; 1:07, 5:58, p. m.

Epping—9:22, a. m.; 1:21, 6:14, p. m.

Raymond—9:32, a. m.; 1:32, 6:25, p. m.

Returning leave

Concord—7:15, 10:25, a. m.; 3:30, p. m.

Vancouver—8:32, 11:10, a. m.; 4:20, p. m.

Raymond—9:10, 11:18, a. m.; 5:02, p. m.

Epping—9:22, a. m.; 12:00, m.; 5:15, p. m.

Rockingham Junction—9:17, a. m.; 12:17, 5:55, p. m.

Greenland Village—10:01 a. m.; 12:29, 6:08, p. m.

Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodsville, Lancaster, St. Johnsbury, Newport, Vt., Montreal and the west.

Information given, through tickets sold and baggage checked to all points at the station.

D. J. FLANDERS, G. P. & T. A.

U. S. NAVY FERRY LAUNCH NO. 132.

GOVERNMENT BOAT, FOR GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

Leaves Navy Yard—8:20, 8:40, 9:15, 10:00, 10:20, 11:45 a. m.; 1:35, 2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 5:45, 7:45 p. m. Sundays, 10:00, 10:15 a. m.; 12:15, 12:35 p. m. Holidays, 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m.

Leaves Portsmouth—8:30, 8:50, 9:30, 10:15, 11:00 a. m.; 12:15, 1:45, 2:15, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:00, 10:00 p. m. Sundays, 10:07, a. m.; 12:05, 12:25, 12:45 p. m. Holidays, 10:00, 11:00 a. m.; 12:00 p. m.

*Wednesdays and Saturdays.

CANADIANS FOR EVER WAR.

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 31.—The second annual conference of the Canadian Red Cross Society was held here today.

Dr. J. H. McEwen, president of the society, presided over the conference.

The conference was held at the Hotel de Ville, and was attended by delegates from all parts of the country.

The conference was a success, and the delegates agreed to continue their work for the benefit of the Canadian Red Cross Society.

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THE WHIRL OF FASHION.

The chenille dot on veiling is especially popular in black and white combinations.

In embroidered hose only one color is now used, but selections can be made from a dozen shades to match any gown.

Slate colored suede gloves which can be worn with gowns of almost any color or have as the latest finish buttons of gun metal.

For stormy weather there are raglans of waterproof cloths. They come in different colors, browns and greens among them, and show an invisible plaid of red.

The newest fancy buckles are of gold or gilt metal, with a background of black satin ribbon. It depends upon the quality of the metal whether real or imitation jewels are used.

Among the lighter styles in winter short coats are some of red cloth trimmed with brass buttons. Blue jackets of smooth cloth are ornamented in the same manner. These coats are best adapted to slender, girlish figures.

Stitched cloth straps on the coat and bands of the same material on the skirt make a most effective garniture for a smart costume of brown velvet. Cloth crumpling of this kind brings out the beauty of the velvet to a wonderful degree.—New York Tribune.

THE REVIEWER.

Mexico is for the three P's—peace, progress and prosperity. — Mexican Herald.

The United States supreme court should throw in an interpretation with every decision.—Atlanta Journal.

It is said that there is an increasing sentiment against dueling in Germany. This is another evidence of the "Americanization" of Europe.—Kansas City Star.

The revelation of the amazing profits accruing to those who work the policy game on the people ought to open the eyes of every one who has ever risked a cent.—Philadelphia Press.

And so Chicago university has a professor of modern languages on its staff who is only nineteen years old. He must have neglected his athletics shockingly to be so far advanced.

President Eliot of Harvard says our preachers and judges are deteriorating. This leaves a chance for the pulpit and the bar to come in with a few remarks about the quality of college professors.—Denver Republican.

Other cities are content occasionally to try the same party or even the same man for a second term, but Boston, taking no chances, turns out every man before he has a chance to become a rascal.—Rochester Herald.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Cleanliness is the best preventive of all diseases.

Underfeeding is expensive; overfeeding is unprofitable.

Geese are profitable on the farm mainly for the feathers they yield.

It is not necessary that fowls should have costly food. In fact, highly concentrated food is a positive injury.

A hen that is a good forager and is always on the lookout for something to eat is worth half a dozen lazy brooders that sit around and wait to be fed.

Cut clover hay into small bits and steep it over night in hot water. This swells the leaves and makes them palatable. In the morning thicken with cornmeal and bran.

Continuous inbreeding is a mistake. When it is followed, the fowls become delicate, hard to raise, not good layers and in almost every way unprofitable. The best plan is to introduce new blood every year.

FLOWER AND TREE.

Wistarias are usually grown as vines, but if tied to a stake and shortened it becomes bushy and flowers freely.

For worms which destroy house plants place a number of sulphur matches in the flowerpots with their heads downward.

The clematis is a brave vine. One may find a few flowers on it up to pretty cold weather. We have seen one or two purple ones bravely defying winter even up to the first week of November.

In repotting any plant soak the new pot in water until it has absorbed all the water it will. If an unsoaked pot is used it will absorb the moisture from the soil, and the feeding roots of the plant will suffer severely.

PERT PERSONALS.

Minister Wu has become so Americanized that he is abusing the newspapers.—Atlanta Journal.

Perhaps Senator Dewey thinks marriage is one long, sweet Christmas carol.—Kansas City Journal.

Hall Caine can't put on a clean shirt without some one accusing him of doing it for advertising purposes.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

It seems that John D. Rockefeller, Jr., can lead a Sunday school class, a cotton or a strenuous business life with equal grace.—Minneapolis Times.

CONGRESSIONAL CUTS.

Just wait until congress begins to tunnel under the treasury surplus.—Atlanta Journal.

Enough bills have already been introduced into congress to make the national surplus a case for specialists in grease spots.—Commercial Post.

Probably congress will authorize the creation of a new cabinet office where incumbent shall give special attention to foreign commerce. He might be called secretary of the exterior.—Boston Advertiser.

A REMARKABLE YEAR.

THE PECULIAR WEATHER THAT MADE 1816 A PHENOMENON.

No Summer Except What Little Came In December—In New England the Year Was Called "Eighteen Hundred and Starve to Death."

European and American data represent the year as having been phenomenal in almost every particular. In New England the year went by the name of "eighteen hundred and starve to death," and the summer months are now in history as "the cold summer of 1816," so remarkable was the temperature.

The sun's rays seemed to be destitute of heat, and all nature was clad in a sable hue. Men and women became frightened and imagined that the fire in the sun was being rapidly extinguished and that the world would soon come to an end. Ministers took the phenomenon for the text of their sermons, and pseudo scientific men talked of things they knew not of, while the fanatics took advantage of the occasion to form religious organizations.

The winter of 1815-16 was very cold in Europe, but comparatively mild in this country, and did not in any way indicate the severe weather that soon prevailed. Even the almanacs were silent, and, although the usual indications "about now look out for cold weather" or "this is a good time for snow" were entered in the regular portions of the book devoted to the winter predictions, those used for chronicling the pleasant months had no such alarming warnings.

January was mild, so much so that for days the people allowed their fires to go out, as artificial heat made the buildings uncomfortably warm. This pleasant weather was broken by a severe cold snap in February, but this low temperature passed in a few days, and a warmer condition similar to the month previous set in. March "seemed like June," but without any real heat. There was nothing unusual in the climatic conditions of the month which differed from those generally found in the windy season. April was the advance guard of this strange freak in temperature. The early days were warm and bright, but as the month drew to a close the cold increased until it ended in ice and snow and a very low temperature. To those who delighted in balmy May days and have to watch the budding of the roses the year of 1816 was a bitter disappointment. True, birds came, but so did the frost, and one night laid all vegetation a blackened waste. Corn was killed, and the fields had to be made ready for another planting, but the people's astonishment was complete when they found ice formed to the thickness of half an inch in the pools. June, the "month of roses," was this year a month of ice and desolation. The "oldest inhabitant" was surprised for never before had he seen the earth so cold in June. The temperature was so low in the tube in these latitudes in the last month of spring. Frost, ice and snow were common. Almost every green thing that had taken advantage of a few warm days to develop was killed, and various kinds of fruit were nearly all destroyed. One day the beautiful snow fell to a depth of ten inches in Vermont, seven inches in Maine and three inches in Massachusetts and central New York. Matters were beginning to be interesting. The farmers were undecided whether to spend the winter in the south or at the seashore and mountains. One day the latter resorts were desirable, and the next would decide in favor of the former, but in the whole the southern climate was preferred.

July was accompanied by frost and ice, and those who celebrated the glorious Fourth "not wisely but too well" found an abundance of ice handy for immediate use. The next morning the snow was thick, not more than one-sixteenth of an inch, but it was real, and it covered the good people of New England, New York and some sections of Pennsylvania to look grave. That month Indian corn was destroyed in all but the most favored locations, and but a small quantity escaped.

Surely August would put an end to such cold weather, but the farmers as well as hotel proprietors were doomed to disappointment. The farmers' corn was not yet ripe, and the hotel proprietors were not yet ready to receive the tourists. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes. The farmers' corn was not yet ripe, and the hotel proprietors were not yet ready to receive the tourists. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes.

September was a month of ice and snow. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes. The farmers' corn was not yet ripe, and the hotel proprietors were not yet ready to receive the tourists. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes.

October was a month of ice and snow. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes. The farmers' corn was not yet ripe, and the hotel proprietors were not yet ready to receive the tourists. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes.

November was a month of ice and snow. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes. The farmers' corn was not yet ripe, and the hotel proprietors were not yet ready to receive the tourists. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes.

December was a month of ice and snow. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes. The farmers' corn was not yet ripe, and the hotel proprietors were not yet ready to receive the tourists. The weather was so cold that the tourists were not yet ready to leave their homes.

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Old Customs Revived.

Fortune has some queer turns in her wheel! Lately she revived the old fifteenth century custom of wearing pomanders and other fragrant baubles attached to the person. Now she is going to restore the cameo brooches of our grandmothers and maiden aunts to their ancient place of honor. These brooches were greatly prized and figured often as bequests in the last wills and testaments of those who possessed them. Yet we have looked with disfavor on these large, heavy, conspicuous brooches and declined to wear them except when of quite small size. Feltree gold twists or bands seem far better suited to the chiffons of fashionable dress nowadays. As a work of art the cameo brooch has some claim on our consideration. Most modern cameos are now cut from seashell instead of the onyx or other rarer gem. Three different colored layers of shell are necessary for a good cameo—the dark background, the opaque or milky body whereon the figure was sculptured, and the third, which served to mark the hair, flowers, etc. The name cameo is said to be derived from the Arabic word for amulet, in the nature of which our ancestors probably at one time regarded them.—Philadelphia Ledger.

New York Federation.

Plans for the October meeting at Buffalo of the New York State Federation continue to take shape. The Hotel Genesee has been selected as headquarters instead of the Fillmore, at which it was impossible to secure adequate accommodations. The Wednesday afternoon meeting of the week's convention is to be held in the Temple of Music, on the exposition grounds. It will be in charge of the committee on philanthropy, Mrs. Townsend of Buffalo chairman. Among the speakers already announced are Mrs. C. R. Lowell of New York and Mrs. H. B. Montgomery of Rochester, each of whom will speak on some phase of the sociological work with which she is identified. Mrs. Katharine Bennett Davis will speak on "Prison Reform" and Mary Kingsland Simkovich on "Settlement Work." A fine organ recital has been arranged for the afternoon by the committee on music, the numbers to be given before and after the regular programme.—New York Post.

Shadow Portrait Parties.

Making "shadow portraits" is one of society's latest amusements, and it is astonishing how much expression there is in a profile silhouette, especially if the artist is a bit of an caricaturist. He or she—it is usually she—does not win affection, but it is not much for one person to suffer for the entertainment of many. Sophronia is sure that her "brow" is much nobler in contour than it is made to appear, but she is consoled by seeing Ann, the Grecian muse given such a hideous tilt at its extremity, while Dolly doesn't mind how much her snub is exaggerated so long as Lillian is made to realize that her cheek bones are positively skeletal. Most women believe there is some one position at least in which their features are classic in spite of the question asked by a modern woman novelist: "Did you ever see a woman with a perfect profile who was really lovable?"

A New York Decision.

The New York supreme appellate court has just decided that a married woman in that state cannot collect her own earnings for work done outside of her home and cannot collect damages for personal injury sustained by her. This comes as a surprise. Such a ruling is a disgrace to the court and the commonwealth and is a return to the outgrown barbarism of the old English common law. In Massachusetts Henry Wilson secured legislation giving the wife a right to collect her own earnings as early as 1840. Remedial legislation should be secured at the next session. Meanwhile the decision should give a fresh impetus to the cause of woman suffrage in the Empire State.—Boston Woman's Journal.

What little corn ripened in the unexpected state was worth almost its weight in silver, and farmers were compelled to provide themselves with corn grown in 1815 for the seed they used in the spring of 1817. This seed never cost so much, being difficult to get even at \$5 per bushel.

The last month of summer was ushered in bright and warm, and for two weeks the now almost frozen people began to thaw out. It was the mildest weather of the year, and just as the inhabitants got fairly to appreciate it old Boreas and Jack Frost came along and whitened and hardened everything in their path.

TRUSSES


Having all the latest improvements in TRUSSES, combined with the "know how," enables us to guarantee satisfaction. Try us! If we fail to fit you, it costs you nothing.

A full line of

Shoulder Braces
Supporters
AND
Suspensories
Always on hand.

PHILBRICK'S PHARMACY

SPRING DECORATIONS ARE IN ORDER



now, and we have the finest stock of handsome wall papers, that range in price from 15 cents to \$5 per roll, suitable for any room, and of exquisite designs and artistic patterns. Only can it workmen are employed by us, and our price for first class work is as reasonable as our wall papers.

J. H. Gardiner
10 & 12 Daniel St. Portsmouth

Gray & Prime

DELIVER

COAL

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NO DUST NO NOISE

111 Market St. Telephone 24.

ESTABLISHED IN 1872.

C. E. BOYNTON

BOTTLED OF ALL KINDS OF

Summer Drinks,

Ginger Ale, Lemonade, Root Beer, Tonic, Vanilla, Orange and Strawberry Beer, Coffee, Chocolate and Soda Water in syphons for hotel and family use. Fountains charged at short notice.

Bottler of Eldredge and Milwaukee Lager, Porter, Refined Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

A continuance of patronage is solicited from former customers and the public in general and every endeavor will be made to fill all orders promptly and in a satisfactory manner.

C. E. Boynton

16 Bow Street Portsmouth

CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE.

With increased facilities the undersigned is prepared to take charge and keep in order any lot in any of the cemeteries of the city. Careful attention to the turning and grading of lots, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of weeds and grass from the city at short notice.

Country lots for sale, also Team and Turf. Orders sent to the undersigned, corner of Richmond Street and North Street, or by mail, to J. H. Boynton, 16 Bow Street, or to J. H. Boynton, 16 Bow Street, will receive prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN

THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, DEC. 31, 1901.

CITY BRIEFS.

Good bye 1901. All hail 1902.

Watch out the old, watch in the new.

Let us hope January will bring us some snow.

The Ivy Leaf is the next attraction at Music hall.

The common council will meet again this evening.

Many people were in from the surrounding towns today.

Have your shoes repaired by John Mott, 34 Congress street.

The last day of the last month of the first year of the twentieth century.

Olivet Commandery, Knights of Malta, will hold a Red Cross convocation, on Friday evening next.

Music lessons on Violin, Cornet, Mandolin and Banjo. R. L. Reinwald, Bandmaster U. S. Naval Band, 6 Court street.

De Witt Clinton commandery, Knights Templar, met on Monday evening at the asylum in Congress block.

The secretary and members of the Y. M. C. A. are busy preparing for the new year's reception to be given by them tomorrow.

The Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Methodist church has a meeting this Tuesday evening in connection with the regular service.

It's the little colds that grow into big colds, and big colds that end in consumption and death. Watch the little colds. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

The New Castle Knights of Pythias are making arrangements for and rehearsing their drama to be presented in Pythian hall of that town early in January.

Half the ills that man is heir to come from indigestion. Burdock Blood Purifiers strengthens and tones the stomach; makes indigestion impossible.

The old custom of watching the old year out and the new year in will be in order tonight.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

Wednesday will be the festival of the Circumcision and will be celebrated in all the Catholic churches.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.

Deputy Sheriff Joseph York of York visited Elliot on Sunday and made a raid for liquor at Augustine Staples store. The officials were very successful in their raid and secured a large quantity of malt liquors, some four or five cases.

JULY 4, 1903.

It will be an Anniversary Date for Return of Portsmouth's Sons and Daughters.

July 4, 1903, is the date it is expected will be observed as a celebration in honor of Portsmouth's returning sons and daughters. Fifty years ago on that date, the idea was first carried out very successfully and it will undoubtedly be repeated in 1903 on a very worthy scale.

It is not yet too early to begin to consider the arrangements for such an affair. The date will not be allowed to pass without some special observance. The great development of the old home week idea, inaugurated in our own state, should be intensified in Portsmouth in 1903, with a grand celebration.

By that time, with the many improvements that may be credited to our old seaport city, we who still remain here, may be proud to invite our absent ones back to accept our hospitality.

July 4, 1903. Mark it down as a day doubly significant in Portsmouth.

DURHAM PASTOR RECOVERS.

Durham, Dec. 31.—Rev. William S. Board, pastor of the Congregational church, who was taken with typhoid fever while attending the Yale fifteen annual, is now nearly recovered and has returned from the New Haven hospital. During his absence Pres. Mudgett of New Hampshire college supplied his pulpit.

ENTERTAINED THE CHILDREN.

At the York town hall Monday evening, a Christmas entertainment for the children was held, under the management of Edward Twombly of the York Courier and Transcript, acting for Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, who forwarded a sum money for the entertainment of the children. It was a grand success.

WORMS

Hundreds of Children and adults have worms but are treated for other diseases. The symptoms are—nausea, with a variable appetite. The tongue is often coated, and the child falls with occasional gripes and pains about the navel; eyes heavy and dull; itching of the nose; short, dry cough, grinding of the teeth, starting during sleep; slow fever; and often in children, colic.

TRUE'S PIN WORM ELIXIR

Is the best worm remedy made. It has been in use since 1871, is purely vegetable, harmless and effective. Where no worms are present it acts as a Tonic, and corrects the condition of the mucous membrane of the stomach and bowels. A positive cure for Constipation and Catarrhs, and a valuable remedy for all the common complaints of children. Price 25 cents. Ask your druggist for it. Dr. J. P. K. & Co., 20, Ashbury, Me. Special treatment for Tape Worms. Free pamphlet.

MAUD BRIGGS' CREW SAFE.

Men of Abandoned Schooner Brought to Gloucester on Schooner Richard S. Loring.

Gloucester, Dec. 31.—Schooner Richard S. Loring, from Philadelphia to this port with coal, has arrived and has on board Capt. S. W. Webster and crew of five men from the schooner Maud Briggs of Bangor, with which vessel they were in collision Saturday evening, off Cape Cod.

The two Captains agree that it was about eight o'clock, about four miles southeast of Chatham when the collision occurred. The Briggs was on the port tack when the lights of a vessel were seen directly in front, and too late to do anything. The Maud Briggs of both vessels was carried away and the Briggs began to leak badly. As she was stone laden the crew decided to abandon her, and took her to be done so quickly that the men could get none of their effects.

CHRISTMAS EXERCISES.

On Monday evening at Philbrick hall the members of the St. John's Episcopal church held their annual Christmas festival very pleasantly. The members met at six o'clock and were served with supper by the Sunday school teachers. The menu included sandwiches, assorted cakes, ice cream and coffee. After supper all were rung by the children and the time for distribution of gifts from the beautifully decorated Christmas tree. Santa Claus was present and had an abundance of pretty gifts for the members of the Sunday school, his witty remarks and jokes causing no little merriment. The occasion was a success in every detail and will long be remembered by those in attendance.

MEMORIAL TABLET.

A tablet memorial to the late Frances Mary (Wentworth) Hall, wife of Mr. Charles C. Hall, is shortly to be placed in ancient St. John's church.

She died on January 15, 1901, at the ancestral home on Pleasant street, her parents being Ebenezer and Catherine Henshaw (Hall) Wentworth.

Mark Hunking Wentworth of our city, Mrs. Hall's brother, is now the only survivor of that generation of this family.

TO OPEN TONIGHT.

Tonight the Knights of Columbus open their new quarters on Bow street in the Preston building. The first regular meeting of the organization does not take place until Thursday night, but the members have arranged to see the old year out and the new one in and to have a social gathering. Refreshments will be served to the members. The new officers will be installed on Thursday night.

Hard Colds.

People whose blood is pure are not nearly so likely to take hard colds as are others.

Physiology goes into the reason. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes the blood pure, causing healthy action of the mucous membrane and giving strength and tone to all the organs and functions.

This great medicine recovers the system after a cold, as no other does.

ORDERED TO NEW YORK.

On Monday evening Edward Smodes, who for sometime past has been stationed at the naval hospital at the navy yard, received orders to proceed at once to the New York yard. While Mr. Smodes has been stationed here he has made many friends who will be sorry to learn of his sudden departure. Mr. Smodes left this afternoon for New York.

TO HAVE THE WIRELESS.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 31.—The navy department has decided to establish wireless telegraph plants at the Washington navy yard and at Annapolis.

KITTERY'S POLICE JUSTICE

Charles Cogswell Smith Appointed to the Position.

He Succeeds the Late Judge Samuel Badger Neal.

Probably the Youngest Man in the State to be Thus Honored.

(Special to the Herald.)

Augusta, Me., Dec. 31.—Charles Cogswell Smith has been appointed by the governor, a justice of the police court in Kittery, to succeed the late Justice Samuel Badger Neal. The appointment has been confirmed and Mr. Smith has been forwarded his commission.

The appointment of Charles Cogswell Smith, Esq., as justice of the police court in the town across the river will be highly satisfactory to the people of the town. As exclusively stated in this paper on Monday, it was understood that Mr. Smith would receive the appointment.

As then said, he is a capable young man for the position. He is the youngest person to hold the position in the town and probably the youngest to ever hold such a position in the state. Being of excellent character and thoroughly trustworthy and fearless, with good judgment and being a conscientious student, the administration of the law will be safe in his hands.

Mr. Smith came to Kittery in April of the present year and opened a law office in the Bartlett block, he having previously completed his law studies in the office of Augustine Simmons at North Anson, Me., and being admitted to the Somerset county bar.

Mr. Smith comes from an old Maine family, being the son of the Rev. Dr. F. Perley Smith, a distinguished Congregationalist clergyman, now retired and located at Salem (N. H.) and well known in the literary and religious world. Mr. Smith was born at Dover, twenty-four years ago, while his father was pastor of the Congregational parish in that city.

After receiving a good common school education, he was graduated from the Wiliston seminary, Bowdoin college and Harvard university. After leaving Harvard he taught school, succeeded H. C. Morrison, now superintendent of school in this city, a principal of the Milford (N. H.) High school, pursuing the study of law the while.

The people of Kittery will feel pleased that he has thus been honored. He has a pleasant personality, is energetic and gives promises of a successful career as one of the citizens of our neighboring town.

FOR ATTEMPTED MURDER.

Arthur Hunkton Held Without Bail for Assault on Philip Haley in Bangor.

Dover, Dec. 31.—The preliminary hearing of Arthur Hunkton of Bangor, charged with assault with intent to kill Philip Haley of that town by stabbing him with a knife, the night of Dec. 11, occupied the forenoon in police court yesterday.

Hunkton had previously pleaded not guilty. Philip Haley, the victim of the alleged assault, testified that Hunkton spent the evening at his house in a social way until nearly midnight, when Haley's wife told him it was bedtime, and that he must go home. Witness said that he and Hunkton drank a few glasses of hard cider, but that they were not drunk. After Hunkton left, he returned to the house a few minutes later and invited Haley to come out, stating that he would "do him." Haley accepted the invitation, and during a quarrel which ensued, Hunkton, witness stated, stabbed him over the heart with a jack-knife.

Mary Haley, wife of Philip Haley, testified to running to the house of Henry Martin to ask Martin to go for a doctor, and to her husband's clothing being saturated with blood. While at the Martin house the husband came in and fell upon the lounge.

Sheriff George W. Parker and Deputy Sheriff Bert H. Wentworth, testified to seeing Haley at the Martin house the day following his alleged assault, and to his being in a very weak condition from the loss of blood.

The court found probable cause to hold the respondent to answer further, and he was committed without bail to await the action of the grand jury of the February term of the superior court.

HARBOR FRONT NEWS.

Arrived, Dec. 31.—Schooner Frank C. Rich, Weymouth, Boothbay, light.

PERSONALS.

Dr. Williams H. Lyons has returned from a visit to Manchester.

Mr. Washington Brown is very ill at his home on State street.

Prof. W. J. Lewis has returned from a visit to his home in Detroit, Mich.

Mrs. Albert Emery is confined to her home on Manning street by illness.

Capt. Henry A. Marden of the P. K. & Y. ferry boat, is confined to his home by illness.

William Dean Howells, the author, and family, are to pass the season of 1902 at York Harbor.

The many friends of Mrs. A. M. Lang will be pleased to learn that she is more comfortable.

Miss A. G. Langley of Wellington, Mass., has returned to her home after a week's visit in this city.

Mrs. Mary Towne of Kennebunkport, Me., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Alvah Jellison of Deer street.

Edwin Underhill has been chosen a member of the hall committee for New Hampshire lodge of Odd Fellows.

Miss Mildred Winn and Claude Patriquin hold an invitation dancing party at Conservatory hall this evening.

Mrs. Elizabeth Moses of Chestnut street, who has been ill for several weeks, was able to be out this morning.

Miss Lucy Haley of Kittery has entered the employ of Lower Charles C. Smith of that town as stenographer.

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Cotton have returned from a short stay with their daughter, Mrs. Albert C. Tutts of Somerville, Mass.

Mr. Frank Little still continues to improve at the Cottage hospital and will be discharged from that institution in the near future.

Otis Currier and family of Merrimack, Mass., who have been passing a week with relatives in this city, have returned to their home.

George Tracy of Boston is visiting his brother, Lieut. James Kennard Tracy, U. S. N. C., at the Maine barracks at the navy yard.

Conductor George H. Hobbs of the York Harbor & Beach railroad has come to Amesbury to take charge of a train from that city to Boston.

Harry Gardner has returned to Worcester, Mass., after passing the week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Milton Gardner of South street.

Miss Mary L. Bennett, who has been passing a week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Bennett of Hanover street, has returned to Boston.

Mrs. Donnelly, who has resided on Marcy street for a number of years, has moved her household goods to Charlestown, Mass., where she will permanently reside.

Frank E. Donnell was elected superintendent of the Second Christian Sunday school in Kittery on Monday evening. The place was made vacant by the death of Judge Samuel Neal.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Diamond celebrated their silver wedding anniversary on Monday evening at their pleasant home on Cass street, and entertained many friends and neighbors.

At their home at Kittery Point Sunday, Capt. and Mrs. J. C. Call quietly celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage, and entertained at dinner their children and grandchildren.

At their home at Kittery point on Saturday last Mr. and Mrs. Fred W. Dorr celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of their marriage and entertained about fifty friends and relatives.

Mrs. William Ker Shea and little daughter Mariel, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Laighton of Middle street for the past week, have returned to their home in Philadelphia.

Walter Leroy Fogg of Elizabeth, N. J., who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis E. Fogg of Columbia street, has returned to his duties as city editor of the Elizabeth Evening Times.

Bartholomew J. Mahoney, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James Mahoney, died at the home of his parents on Woodbury avenue, early Sunday morning, at the age of one year, six months and twelve days.

The wedding of Miss Minna Cromwell, daughter of Admiral B. J. Cromwell, formerly stationed at this yard, and Ensign Needham Lee Jones, U. S. N., is to take place today, Tuesday, at twelve o'clock at the Church of the Ascension, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Alfred M. Lang of Austin street was reported to be in a serious condition on Monday evening, having been attacked a few days ago with a severe cold, which complicated other troubles. The many friends of the family hope for her speedy improvement.

The many young friends of Judge C. C. Smith of Kittery are congratulating him on his appointment.

ROOF RUST

is unknown to the house covered with MF Roofing Tin. Moisture cannot penetrate the extra heavy plating of pure tin and new lead that makes MF roofing the best protection to a house. It is impervious to rust.

MF Roofing Tin

does not require renewal in an ordinary lifetime—although it costs a little more than the ordinary tin that soon rusts away. This MF trade mark is stamped on every sheet. Ask your roofer, or W. C. CROMMEYER, Agent, address 1 Carnegie Building, Pittsburgh, and receive illustrated book on roofing. AMERICAN TIN PLATE COMPANY, NEW YORK.

NEW YORK TO BANGOR.

This Trip Can Soon Be Made by Trolley Cars.

One of the possibilities of the early part of the twentieth century will be a continuous trolley line from Bangor to New York. The growth of the street railway in Maine has been marvelous. A score of years ago there was less than a dozen miles of electric road in the state while today there is nearly three hundred. The first road was built in Bangor in 1889. Before the close of another year there will be a big increase in the mileage of this class of railways.

Plans are being perfected to build a trolley line from Augusta to Winthrop, Dover to York, the Berwick to Eliot, Thomaston to Warren and perhaps to Togus, and from Saco to Kennebunk.

A Saco man who is interested in trolley roads says that the electric lines in the state are destined to increase and before long all of them will be under one management. The electric road business in Maine is now in its infancy and if the present business outlook continues there will be within two years many miles of road built, and the much talked about line which will come to Portland and Boston will be a reality. The roads are a great attraction to summer visitors. It is the expectations of the owners of the Portland-Saco road that this line will prove a paying venture from the start.—Baldwin Record.

A STRICKEN HOUSEHOLD.

Mrs. John Favor of Gloucester Dead From Pneumonia—Her Husband and Mother Dangerously Sick.

Gloucester, Dec. 31.—Mrs. John Favor, wife of ex-Representative John Favor, local manager of the Postal Telegraph company, died last night from pneumonia. Mr. Favor, sick with the same disease was not expected to live through the night, although he is a little better this morning. Mrs. Favor's mother is also dangerously sick with pneumonia in the same house. Mrs. Favor was a Miss Paul of Rockport and was thirty-six years old.

Old Furniture Made New.

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H. Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little.

Manufacturer of All Kinds of Cushions and Coverings.

R. H. HALL

Hanover Street, Near Market.

Buy Now!

We just received a new lot of Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wagons, Steam Laundry Wagons, Store Wagons and Stanhope Carriages. Also a large line of new and second-hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices.

Just drop around and look at even if you do not want to buy.

THOMAS Mc

Stone Stable, -- F

COAL AND

C. E. W

Commiss

Whol

Cor

NOTICE.

J. H. Barlow with assistants, all of whom carry credentials from this office, are now engaged in making a canvass of Portsmouth and vicinity, with a special offer for new subscribers to the Portsmouth Herald. Mr. Barlow is authorized to collect and give a receipt for trial subscriptions in advance.

COAL AND

C. E. W

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EVERY LETTER IN SIGHT.

Principle New
Writing Visible
Speed Increased
Touch Elastic
Automatic Conventions

Operation Unchangeable
Tabulating Rapidly
Billing Speed
Strength Maintained
Actual Advantages

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UNDERWOOD

At the Herald Office

LOW PRICES.

Many people shout Low Prices! The prices are low—so is the quality of the goods. We say low prices and we back up the statement with a good strong reason. We can make the best clothing—make it as well as anyone made—at low prices, because our expenses are light and we have many patrons. There is no use throwing money away. There is no use paying any more for perfection than you have to. We will be glad to see you at any time.

HAUGH, LADIES' AND GENTS' TAILOR

20 High Street.

Old Furniture Made New.

Why don't you send some of your badly worn upholstered furniture to Robert H. Hall and have it re-upholstered? It will cost but little.

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